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ELECTRONICA, MICROPROCESADORES, ENERGIA

T. DE LOQUI 58 - 9400 RIO GALLEGOS

Selection of Components – Circuit Board for the supply of the Powers3A

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1. Possible configurations of the Powers3a board

The POWERS3A board allows for a number of configurations, according to the special application. It is possible to use only the +5V output, allowing for the full current (1A or 3A) availability of the LM257x ICs, or use one or both DC/DC modules that draw power from the +5V output.

The cost of these modules (which is not negligible) must be balanced according to the benefits of full protection, tight regulation, reliability and reduced component count compared to other solutions. If the current consumption of the +5V circuits and the analogue front end is low (<0.6A), module #1 can be used with the 1A LM2575 version. If more current is necessary, the configurations shown in the following table can be evaluated. Higher battery voltages at higher currents usually make forced ventilation necessary. Also, in the cases of 48

Furthermore, cases with a Vbat=48V require the installation of a resistance pre-regulator, which avoids that the integrated circuit receives more than specified max. "Input" of +60V.

| Powers3a Board - Configurations | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------|---------------|
| Nº | Input Voltage | +5V Rated Output Current | Module #1 | Module #2 | Available +5V Output Curr. | Forced Ventilation | IC | Pre-Regulator |
| 1 | 12V | 1A | (*) | - | 0.7 to 1A | - | LM2575 | - |
| 2 | 24V | 1A | (*) | - | 0.7 to 1A | - | LM2575 | - |
| 3 | 48V | 1A | (*) | - | 0.7 to 1A | Recommended | LM2575HV | (**) |
| 4 | 12V | 3A | +/-12 ó +/-15 | - | 2A | - | LM2576 | - |
| 5 | 24V | 3A | +/-12 ó +/-15 | - | 2A | - | LM2576 | - |
| 6 | 48V | 3A | +/-12 ó +/-15 | - | 2A | Recommended | LM2576HV | (**) |
| 7 | 12V | 3A | +/-12 ó +/-15 | +/-12 ó +/-15 | 1A | - | LM2576 | - |
| 8 | 24V | 3A | +/-12 ó +/-15 | +/-12 ó +/-15 | 1A | Necessary | LM2576 | - |
| 9 | 48V | 3A | +/-12 ó +/-15 | +/-12 ó +/-15 | 1A | Necessary | LM2576HV | (**) |

(*) Not recommended unless current required in +/-12 or +/-15 is less than 0.1A.

(**) Required if Vbat can exceed 60V.

Table 1 - Possible Configurations

2. Components that vary according to "Entrance"- Voltage and Capacity

The variable components of this version are shown in table 2. The number of every variant refers to table 1. Furthermore, table 3 contains a list of all the required components for the different variants of the board.



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Concerning the "entrance" diodes, the diode D11 prevents errors in the polarity of the connection and can be short-circuited under circumstances where false polarity is improbable. The Zener – diode D13 is also optional and has the task to protect over-voltages at U11. Important with respect to the clamping diode D12 at the "outlet" of the converter is of use of an "Schottky-Type" diode or a similar high velocity model. The recommended components in table 2 have a minimum voltage specification of 1.2times the maximum "output" current and also an adequate voltage rating.

In the case of the inductor L11, the circuit permits the installation of two possible commercial models: RS - inductors with 100uH, 5.4A (code in table 3) or RM-6 induction coils with iron core. For the capacitors (C12 and C13a1) it is possible to use isolation of a lower value, although the indicated isolation produces a higher ESR value. Also you can exchange the capacitors by models with lower capacity if the regulation necessities are lower. The absolute minimum values are 220uF for 1A "output" and 680uF for 3A "output". With respect to the jumpers JS1 – JS3 you can use conventional types like Berg 0.1". The function of these three jumpers is to form a Logic OR – circuit: JS1 defines the continuous functioning (always ON), with the JS2 you can select an external TTL (ON/OFF-state) and JS3 is for the control by the integrated monitoring ICL7665. The last configuration is the normal selection for the protection against excessive discharge of a battery.

| Components of the Powers3a with respect to different variants: | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|--------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Nº | Tensión de Entrada | Corriente de Salida (solo +5V) | D11 | D12 | D13 | C11 | C12 | C13a1 | R1 |
| 1 | 12V | 1A | 1N4007 | 1N5821 | Zener 40V/5W | 100uF/50V | 100uF/50V | 330uF/50V | 22K/0.25W |
| 2 | 24V | 1A | 1N4007 | 1N5822 | Zener 40V/5W | 100uF/50V | 100uF/50V | 330uF/50V | 47K/0.25W |
| 3 | 48V | 1A | 1N4007 | MUR310 | Zener 60V/5W | 100uF/100V | 100uF/50V | 330uF/50V | 100K/0.25W |
| 4 | 12V | 3A | 1N5402 | 1N5824 | Zener 40V/5W | 100uF/50V | 220uF/63V | 1000uF/50V | 22K/0.25W |
| 5 | 24V | 3A | 1N5402 | MBR340 | Zener 40V/5W | 100uF/50V | 220uF/63V | 1000uF/50V | 47K/0.25W |
| 6 | 48V | 3A | 1N5402 | 50SQ100 | Zener 60V/5W | 100uF/100V | 220uF/63V | 1000uF/50V | 100K/0.25W |
| 7 | 12V | 3A | 1N5402 | 1N5824 | Zener 40V/5W | 100uF/50V | 220uF/63V | 1000uF/50V | 22K/0.25W |
| 8 | 24V | 3A | 1N5402 | MBR340 | Zener 40V/5W | 100uF/50V | 220uF/63V | 1000uF/50V | 47K/0.25W |
| 9 | 48V | 3A | 1N5402 | 50SQ100 | Zener 60V/5W | 100uF/100V | 220uF/63V | 1000uF/50V | 100K/0.25W |

Table 2 - Component variations.

For the special functions of the components in table 3, please refer to the additional documentation: **SchemPowers3As.pdf** (Diagram) and **Powers3a DescripEn rev2001b.pdf** (Application and Description).

Table 3

COMPONENTS Powers3a.pcb

Rev.

| Number | Description | Code on |
|--------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | Capacitor Electrolytic | C1 |
| 1 | Capacitor Electrolytic | Cb1,C2 |
| 9 | Capacitor Ceramic | C13-C19,C110- |
| 1 | Capacitor | C11 |
| 1 | Capacitor | C12 |
| 1 | Capacitor | C13 |
| 1 | Base 2x8 | IC1 |
| 1 | 27K Resistor | RL1 |
| 1 | 4K7 Resistor | RL2 |
| 1 | 470R Resistor | RL3 |
| 2 | 10K Resistor MF | R11,R1 |
| 1 | 330R Resistor | R3 |
| 1 | 6K8 Resistor | R7 |
| 1 | 100K Resistor | R11A |
| 1 | Resistor 1/8W.5% | R1 |
| 2 | Connector milimetric | J1,J |
| 1 | Diode Conventional | D11 |
| 1 | Diode Zener (*) | D13 |
| 1 | Diode Schottky or Fast | D12 |
| 2 | Diode Zener 1W - | D14,DZ |
| 2 | Diode Zener 1W - | D15,D1 |
| 3 | Diode Switching | D1,D2,D1 |
| 1 | Inductor 100uH / 5.4A | L11 (RS228-416 ó RM6 coil) |
| 3 | Terminal type SYBID 2 | J11,CN1,C |
| 2 | Terminal type SYBID 3 | CN3,CN |
| 1 | IDC Macho Double Strip | JS1-JS2- |
| 1 | IDC Macho Double | J3 |
| 1 | Fusible Resetable | F1-R (RS183- |
| 4 | Presets Bourns 10K 25V | R2,R8,R31,R |
| 2 | Presets Bourns 100K 25V | R22,R2 |
| 1 | Dissipater Negro TO220 | Connected |
| 1 | Regulator Integrated -5V | VR1 |
| 1 | Regulator Switching | U11 |
| 1 | Batt. Monitor ICL7665 | IC1 / con base |
| 1 | BC327 - PNP | Q1 |
| 1 | NPN | Q4 |
| 2 | NMXD0515SO,NMXD051 | Modules (+/-12 ó +/- |

(*) See Table 2

(**) See Table 1